

Unit 1 (Velcome to PRESCHOOL)



Joyful Discoveries Preschool Curriculum



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Project Ready's Joyful Discoveries Preschool Curriculum

Unit 1 - Welcome to Preschool

Unit Overview:

This unit welcomes children to school and introduces them to the classroom routines, activities, and the people in the school. Teachers may choose to wait and do small groups until Unit 2 or they may choose to begin some small groups during the welcome unit. It is suggested to begin small groups with the 123 Storybook Reread routine, Alphabetics (Book 0), or Math (Book 1) small group routine as these can be done as heterogeneous groupings.

This unit could be done across 6 days as outlined or 3 days (combining 2 books a day) for a shorter welcome period (especially for students in year 2 of preschool).

Knowledge Building Targets

- 1. The activities we do at school
- 2. Alphabet
- 3. Numbers and counting

Oral Language Skill Targets

- 1. Answering questions
- 2. Stating an opinion
- 3. Academic vocabulary
- 4. Story vocabulary: author, illustrator, title, character (who), setting (where)
- 5. Retelling/summarizing

Early Literacy Skills

- 1. Name recognition
- 2. Phonemic awareness
- 3. Print/book skills: title, author, directionality
- 4. Listening comprehension
 - a. Answering key questions (focus on who, when, what questions)
 - b. Memory for events
 - c. Retelling

Math Skills

1. Counting



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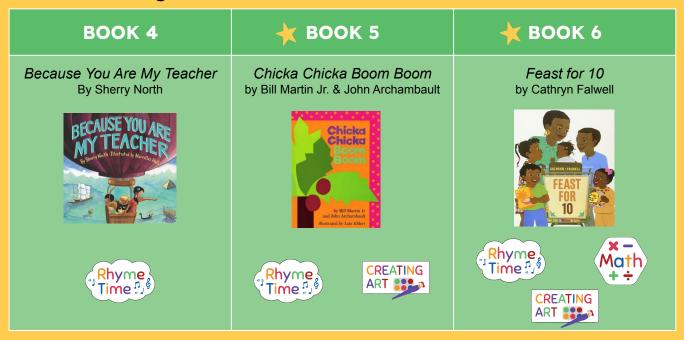
Unit 1: Welcome

Overview

Part 1: We Are So Glad You Are Here!

BOOK 2 BOOK 1 BOOK 3 All Are Welcome Maisy Goes to Preschool Pete the Cat By Alexandra Penfold & Suzanne by Lucy Cousins Rocking in My School Shoes Kaufman by Eric Litwin Pete**Cat maisy Goes to Preschool All Are CREATING **CREATING** Rhyme Time !! Rhyme ART ::: ART Time 🏸 🖔

Part 2: The Things We Will Learn



Wordless Books That Connect To This Unit - SAMMY

Red Hat by Lita Judge





Materials

Craft Materials

White paper

Tools for drawing (crayons markers, pencils, etc)

Colored paper or construction paper - brown and green

Glue sticks

Letters for names (stickers, foam letters, cut from a magazine, etc)

Materials to Prepare

All Are Welcome All About Me template
Found in Appendix
Print 1 sided (1 per student)
Encourage families to send in a photo of their student

Chicka Chicka Boom Boom Letters in Your Name
Tree template
Found in Appendix
Print on green and brown paper (1 per student)

Feast for Ten Family Photos
Encourage students to bring a photo from home of their family



Full List of Unit Vocabulary - Welcome

Book	Word	Definition	Gesture
All Are Welcome	diversity	not the same	pointer fingers together then move out like windshield wipers
All Are Welcome	haste	to do something fast	hands in fists in front of you and act like you are running (with your arms)
Maisy Goes to Preschool	remind	to help someone remember something	pointer finger taps center of forehead
Maisy Goes to Preschool	gather	to come together in a group	arms in front with palms facing each other and bring hands together like a clap (hands fold together)
Pete the Cat	strolling	walking slowly	flat hands in front with palms facing down, move hands slowly as if taking steps
Pete the Cat	rocking	feeling good about something you are wearing	left arm straight out to side, right hand strums on belly as if playing guitar
Pete the Cat	worry	to feel afraid and upset about something new	pointer finger on both hands points to frowning mouth
Because You Are My Teacher	study	to learn about something	palms together and open like a book close to face
Because You Are My Teacher	quest	an exciting trip or adventure	smile and point in distance as if seeing something exciting
Because You Are My Teacher	trek	to go on a long trip	arms parallel in front with bent elbows and closed fists, move arms as if walking
Chicka Chicka Boom Boom	alphabet	the letters that make words, there are 26	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an I) to indicate writing
Chicka Chicka Boom Boom	pileup	many things on top of each other	right hand on top of left hand
Feast for 10	folks	a group of people	hands in front, making a circle with arms
Feast for 10	fry	cook in hot oil	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan
Feast for 10	feast	a large meal	right hand moves to open mouth as if holding a spoon



Active Responding Routines

These are used when asking/answering questions.
Stay away from individual child responses as you want all children actively engaged.

Teacher Prompts			
Thinking About the Answer	Point to Forehead with Finger		
Answer all together (choral responding)	Open hand to children to indicate they should respond		
Child Responses			
To show they are ready to answer	Thumbs Up Other movements: Stand up, hands in the air		
To note if they like something or don't	Thumbs Up/Thumbs Down		



For the Teacher:

Preview All Are Welcome



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 1 - We Are So Glad You Are Here!

Book 1: All Are Welcome by Alexandra Penfold & Suzanne Kaufman

Materials Needed: All About Me template printed for each student

Vocabulary			
Word	Definition	Gesture	
haste	to do something fast	hands in fists in front of you and act like you are running (with your arms)	
diversity	not the same	pointer fingers together then move out like windshield wipers	



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.





Language Time

This activity is always done right before the story. The teacher calls children together for the whole group (ideally on the carpet) and begins Language Time. The purpose is to engage the students in a fun language activity that also focuses their attention on the teacher.

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave. Tune of song: Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

Where is (child's name)
Where is (child's name)
(Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up,
Please stand up
(Lift hands up)
(*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down, Sit back down

(Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. <u>Topic Introduction</u>- Welcome to school! We are so happy you are in our classroom, and we are excited to start our school year. School is so much fun! You will make new friends and do so many interesting things.
- 2. <u>Book Introduction</u>- Show children book cover. This book is all about school. It shows us the different things we will get to do at school. It looks like these children are arriving for their first day of school just like you!
- 3. <u>Title and Author</u>- Draw attention to title and author. The title of this book is All Are Welcome. Let's say that together. All Are Welcome. Great! The author is Alexandra Penfold. She wrote the words in this book.





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During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
1st page, no text	TA: Oh, look! The children are arriving with their families. They look so excited and happy to start school.
"Our strength is our diversity. A shelter from adversity."	TA: That is so nice. It means that in our classroom we are all a little different. <u>Diversity</u> means not the same, different. It is good to have so many different friends. Our classroom is a fun, safe place to be with our friends.

3. **Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary-** Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

Key content: School has lots of fun activities.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
haste	to do something fast They have to move quickly, with haste, to start the day. Move your arms like you are running fast.	hands in fists in front of you and act like you are running (with your arms)
diversity	not the same Every person is different, not the same. Move your fingers apart to show <u>diversity</u> .	pointer fingers together then move out like windshield wipers





After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

Think about if you liked the story? (thinking gesture - finger on forehead)
Thumbs up if you liked it.

Check their understanding.

What was this book about?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response - school)

What is one thing the children did at school?

Think about your answer and put a thumbs up when you know one thing the children did.

(Call on 1-2 children randomly with thumbs up)

Start by saying by saying, "The children..."

Encourage students to answer using a complete sentence.

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 2 new words. Let's clap out our new words

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
<u>Haste</u> is to do something fast. Let's clap that word. Haste. Haste.	hands in fists in front of you and act like you are running (with your arms)
<u>Diversity</u> means not the same. Diversity is beautiful! Let's clap the word. Di-ver-sit-y. Diversity.	pointer fingers together then move out like windshield wipers





After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

Use the open hand for choral responding and be sure to make the vocabulary word gesture when saying the word. If many children don't get it, tell them the correct answer and ask the question again.

Put your hands up in the air if this is something you would do with haste. Remember <u>haste</u> means to do something fast. *Use gestures with <u>words</u>.

- Cleaning up your toys as fast as you can. (kids put hands up) Yes! Cleaning up with haste.
- Walking really slowly. (kids do not put hands up) You are right. When we do something slowly, it
 is not with haste.

3. Follow Up Activity - All About Me Activity

Each child makes an all about me page. This simple activity could be done in small groups or sent home to be completed with families.

Ideally, each child will have a picture of themselves to put in the top box. Encourage families to send in a picture, if possible. Create an area to display the children's work in your classroom or school.

My name is I am years old. Here are some of my favorite things:	Al	l About	Me
I am years old.			
I am years old.			



For the Teacher:

Preview

Maisy Goes to Preschool



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 1 - We Are So Glad You Are Here!

Book 2: Maisy Goes to Preschool by Lucy Cousins

Materials Needed: None

Vocabulary		
Word	Definition	Gesture
remind	to help someone remember something	pointer finger taps center of forehead
gather	to come together in a group	hands in front with palms facing, bring hands toward each other and fold together



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.



Maisy Goes to Preschool

Language Time

This activity is always done right before the story. The teacher calls children together for the whole group (ideally on the carpet) and begins Language Time. The purpose is to engage the students in a fun language activity that also focuses their attention on the teacher.

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave. Tune of song: Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

Where is (child's name)
Where is (child's name)
(Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up,
Please stand up
(Lift hands up)
(*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down, Sit back down

(Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. <u>Topic Introduction</u>- We are so glad to be back together for another day of preschool. There are certain things we do everyday in preschool. Every day we will read a book together. Today we are going to read about a mouse going to preschool.
- 2. <u>Book Introduction</u>- Show children book cover. This little mouse is named Maisy. This story is about Maisy's first day of preschool.
- 3. <u>Title and Author</u>- Draw attention to title and author. *Every book has an author. The author is the person who wrote the words in the book. Everyone say, "the author writes the words." Good! The author of this book is Lucy Cousins. She wrote this book called Maisy Goes to Preschool. Let's read about Maisy's preschool and see if it is like our preschool.*



Maisy Goes to Preschool

During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"Today is a very good day for Maisy."	Q: Maisy looks happy. Nod your head if you think she is excited to go to school.
"After painting, it is snack time."	Q: Do we have snack time at school? Nod your head if we do.
"They all sit together and listen quietly to the story."	TA: We read books in our classroom, too! We gather to read a story every day. After we read together, we play and do activities in our classroom.

3. **<u>Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary-</u>** Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

Key content: Our preschool day has a schedule. There are certain things we do at preschool.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
remind	To help someone remember something Remind means to help someone remember something, like washing your hands. Tap your forehead to show remind.	pointer finger taps center of forehead
gather	To come together in a group The students gather together to listen to the story. Bring your hands together to show the students gather, or come together.	hands in front with palms facing, bring hands toward each other and fold together



Maisy Goes to Preschool

After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

I liked that book. My favorite part was when Maisy and her friends played music.

What was your favorite part?

Take a minute to think (thinking gesture - finger on forehead) about your favorite part.

Thumbs up when you know your favorite part.

Show a few pictures from the book as children are thinking. Call on 1-2 students with a thumb up to tell their favorite part.

Start by saying, "My favorite part was..."

Encourage students to answer using a complete sentence.

Check their understanding.

Who is this story about?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- Maisy)

What is the first thing Maisy and her friends do at the start of their day?

(Show pictures from the book to refresh memory. Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response - hang up their coats.)

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 2 new words. Let's clap out our new words.

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
We <u>remind</u> someone when we want them to remember something. Let's clap it. Re-mind. Remind.	pointer finger taps center of forehead
Gather means to come together in a group. Gath-er. Gather.	hands in front with palms facing, bring hands toward each other and fold together



Maisy Goes to Preschool

After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

Use the open hand for choral responding and be sure to make the vocabulary word gesture when saying the word. If many children don't get it, tell them the correct answer and ask the question again.

Thumbs up if this is a place we gather (come together) at our school. *Use gestures with words.

- Thumbs up if we <u>gather</u> on the carpet. Thumbs down if we do not come together on the carpet. (Pause to allow thinking time.) Yes, we <u>gather</u> together on the carpet!
- Thumbs up if we gather at the table for snack time. Thumbs down if we sit alone for snack. (Pause to allow thinking time.) Yes, we gather together for snack.
- Thumbs up if we gather on the ceiling in our classroom. Thumbs down if we do not come together on our ceiling. (Pause to allow thinking time.) No! That's silly. We gather on the floor or at tables.

3. Follow Up Activity - Guided retell

Explain, We are going to work together to retell the story. Listen closely. Use your words to help me finish the story.

Show pictures in the book to refresh their memory as your retell. (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response at each pause.)

Maisy is so happy to go to school. When she arrives at school, the first thing she does is hang
up her (coat.) She says hi to her friends and they paint pictures. After painting, the
children are hungry. It is time for (snack.) The students take a nap, play music, and
play outside. At the end of the day, it was time to go (home.) They are excited to
come back the next day. The end.



Reread **Maisy Goes to Preschool**



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 1 - We Are So Glad You Are Here!

Book 2: Maisy Goes to Preschool by Lucy Cousins

Reread & Activity: Classroom Schedule Materials Needed: Classroom Schedule

Before

1. Ask what they can remember about the book - show the cover to remind them. We have already read this story. Do you remember it? Look at the cover. Do you remember this character's name? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- Maisy.) Yes! It's Maisy's first day of school.

- 2. Point out title & author- The title of this story is Maisy Goes to Preschool. The author of the story is Lucy Cousins. The author is the person who writes the words in the story. What does the author do? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- writes the words.)
- 3. Tell them this time we are going to read and discuss the story so be ready to share your ideas! We are going to read the story again. When we are done, we are going to talk about the story and the things that we do at our preschool. We do some of the same things that Maisy does and some things that we do are different. Pay attention while I read the story again.



Reread

Maisy Goes to Preschool



During

- 1. **Read** with excitement and fluency.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
First page- Model positive thinking about school anticipation then ask question.	Q: Does Maisy look happy and excited to be at school?
Picture that shows students hanging up their coats.	Q: The first thing Maisy does at school is hang up her coat. What is the first thing you do at school? (Thinking gesture) Thumbs up when you know what you do first.
"Everybody gets a blanket and snuggles up for a nap."	Q: Do we take a nap at our school? (Thinking gesture) Thumbs up if we take a nap. Thumbs down if we don't take a nap.

3. **Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary**- Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

Key content: Our preschool day has a schedule. There are certain things we do at preschool.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> Briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
remind	To help someone remember something Tallulah <u>reminds</u> her friends to wash their hands because it's important to have clean hands. Tap your forehead to show remind.	pointer finger taps center of forehead
gather	To come together in a group The students gather together to listen to the story. Bring your hands together to show the students gather.	hands in front with palms facing, bring hands toward each other and fold together



Reread

Maisy Goes to Preschool



After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Remind them now that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Ask their opinion

What was your favorite part of the story? (thinking gesture - finger on forehead) Thumbs up when you know your favorite part.

Call on 1-2 students to answer. *Tell us your favorite part. Start by saying "My favorite part was..."* Encourage students to answer using a complete sentence.

Check their understanding

Who was this story about?

(thinking gesture - finger on forehead and then open hand to note choral response- Maisy)

What is one thing Maisy did at preschool? (thinking gesture - finger on forehead) Thumbs up when you know.

Encourage all to think about their answer and call on 1-2 students who have their thumbs up. (Response - various answers - make art, take a nap, etc.)

2. Review Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 2 new words. Let's clap out our new words

Review each word stating the definition and making the gesture.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
We <u>remind</u> someone when we want them to remember something. Re-mind. Remind.	pointer finger taps temple twice
Gather means to come together in a group. Gath-er. Gather.	hands in front with palms facing, bring hands toward each other and fold together

3. Follow-Up Activity: Classroom Schedule

We keep our schedule in our classroom so everyone can see what we are doing each day. Show children where the schedule is normally displayed. Explain, A schedule tells us what we will do at different times of the day. We can look at the schedule to know what we are going to do next. Talk through the events of your schedule and then ask simple questions to check their understanding. Point to schedule to guide their answers:

- Thumbs up if we eat snack first. Thumbs down if we don't eat snack first.
- What do we do right after recess? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response)
- What is the last thing we do? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response)



For the Teacher:

Preview

Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 1 - We Are So Glad You Are Here!

Book 3: Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes by Eric Litwin

Materials Needed: None

Vocabulary		<u></u>
Word	Definition	Gesture
strolling	Walking slowly	hands in front with palms facing down and move hands as if walking
rocking	Feeling good about something you are wearing	left arm straight out and right arm strums, like an air guitar
worry	To feel afraid and upset about something	pointer finger on both hands points to mouth that is frowning



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.

Pete the Cat **Rocking in My School Shoes**

Language Time

Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave.

Where is (child's name) Where is (child's name) (Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up, Please stand up (Lift hands up) (*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down, Sit back down (Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. Topic Introduction- A few days ago, we had our first day of preschool. Now we are learning about the things we do at preschool. I am thinking (thinking gesture - finger on forehead) about the things we do at preschool. Thumbs up if you know one thing we do at preschool. Call on one student to share one thing you do at your preschool.
- 2. Book Introduction- Show children book cover. Point to Pete. This is Pete the Cat. This book is about Pete and his adventures at school. We have to figure out where in the school Pete is. All day long, Pete wears his school shoes. Do you have school shoes? Everyone point to your shoes!
- 3. Title and Author- Draw attention to title and author. This book is called Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes. The author is Eric Litwin. He is also the illustrator. That means he drew the pictures, too. Let's clap illustrator. Ill-us-tra-tor. Great! The illustrator draws the pictures.



Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes



During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"to a room with books on every wall"	TA: Pete's teacher wants him to go to a room with books on every wall. I'm going to think about that. (Pause and model what it looks like to think.) I have an idea! I think it might be the library. Let's keep reading to find out if I'm right.
"Does Pete worry? Goodness, no!"	TA: Say that with me. "Goodness, no!" Pete isn't worried at all. Goodness, no! He's not worried.
"with swings and tall slides"	Q: Where is Pete now? It's a place with swings and talls slides. (Point to forehead) Let's say our guess together. (Choral response gesture - open hand) The playground!

3. **Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary-** Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

Key content: Schools have many different places. We do different activities in each place.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
strolling	Walking slowly <u>Strolling</u> means walking slowly. Move your hands like you are strolling slowly.	hands in front with palms facing down and move hands as if walking
rocking	Feeling good about something you are wearing Rocking means feeling good about something you're wearing. Pretend to play a guitar.	left arm straight out and right arm strums, like an air guitar
worry	To feel afraid and upset about something new If you feel afraid or upset about something new, you are worried. Point to your frowny face.	pointer finger on both hands points to mouth that is frowning



Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes



After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

I liked that book. My favorite part was when Pete went to the library.

What was your favorite part? Take a minute to think (thinking gesture - finger on forehead) about your favorite part. Thumbs up when you know your favorite part.

Show a few pictures from the book as children are thinking. Call on one student with a thumb up to tell their favorite part.

Check their understanding.

Who is this story about?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- Pete the Cat)

What was Pete the Cat rocking?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- shoes)

Where did Pete the Cat go in his school? (Thinking gesture)

Thumbs up when you know one place Pete went. (Call on 1-2 students with thumbs up to answer.)

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words.

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
Strolling is walking slowly. Stroll-ing. Strolling.	hands in front with palms facing down and move hands as if walking
Rocking means feeling good about something you're wearing. Pete the Cat rocked his new school shoes. Rock-ing. Rocking.	left arm straight out and right arm strums, like an air guitar
We <u>worry</u> if we are afraid or upset about something new. Worr-y. Worry.	pointer finger on both hands points to mouth that is frowning



Pete the Cat Rocking in My School Shoes



After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

We are all <u>rocking</u> our school clothes. Point to something you are wearing that you feel really good about.

Call on a few students to name the clothing item they are rocking, the item that they feel good about. *Use gestures with words.

3. Follow Up Activity - Was it in the Book?

Explain, We are going to play a game called Was it in the Book? I'm going to say the name of a place in a school. You will nod your head if the place was in this book and shake your head if it wasn't in this book. Practice nodding and shaking.

- Pete the Cat went to the library.
 (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- nod head yes)
- Pete the Cat went to the playground.
 (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- nod head yes)
- Pete the Cat went to the gymnasium.

 (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- shake head no)



For the Teacher:

Preview

Because You Are My Teacher



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 2 - The Things We'll Learn

Book 4: Because You Are My Teacher by Sherry North

Materials Needed: None

Vocabulary		/r ⁴ 3
Word	Definition	Gesture
study	To learn about something	hands together and open like a book close to the face
trek	Go on a long trip	arms parallel in front with bent elbows and closed fists, move arms as if walking
quest	An exciting trip or adventure	smile and point in distance as if seeing something exciting



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.





Because You Are My Teacher

Language Time

Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave.

Where is (child's name)
Where is (child's name)
(Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up,
Please stand up
(Lift hands up)
(*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down,
Sit back down
(Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. <u>Topic Introduction</u>- We have been learning about the things we do at preschool. Let's clap the word preschool. Pre-school. Good! You are preschoolers because you go to preschool.
- 2. <u>Book Introduction</u>- Show children book cover. Look at the cover. I see people in a hot air balloon. They are pointing at interesting things. It looks like these people are exploring the world. We are going to explore the world from our classroom this year! We will learn about a lot of the things they explore in this book. We are going to have an amazing school year together.
- 3. <u>Title and Author</u>- Draw attention to title and author. *The author of this book is Sherry North. Let's clap the word author. Au-thor. Sherry North wrote the words in this story called Because You Are My Teacher.*





F

Because You Are My Teacher

During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"And study the Atlantic"	TA: The Atlantic is an ocean, a HUGE body of water. We are going to learn about oceans and all the animals that live there.
"trek through desert lands"	TA: Desserts are dry places where it hardly rains at all. We are going to learn about desserts at school.
"Exploring the Grand Canyon"	TA: We live in the United States. That is our country. It's a big country with lots of things, including the Grand Canyon.
"we would study Earth from space"	TA: We are going to learn about space and all the planets in our galaxy. The people who travel to space are called astronauts. We will become astronauts in our classroom.

3. Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary- Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

<u>Key content:</u> We are going to learn amazing things this year! We will study our world from our classroom.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
study	To learn about something <u>Study</u> means to learn about something. Open your hands like a book and pretend to study.	hands together and open like a book close to the face
trek	Go on a long trip <u>Trek</u> means to go on a long trip. Move your arms like you're going on a trek.	arms parallel in front with bent elbows and closed fists, move arms as if walking
quest	An exciting trip or adventure A <u>quest</u> is an exciting trip or adventure. Point and smile like you see something exciting on your quest.	smile and point in distance as if seeing something exciting





Because You Are My Teacher

After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

Did you enjoy this book? Thumbs up if you did. Raise both hands really high if you are excited to learn about all these amazing things!

Check their understanding.

What is one interesting thing we saw in the pictures of this book? (Thinking gesture)

Thumbs up when you know one thing we saw. (Call on 1-2 students with thumbs up to answer.)

Where did the people in this story go?

Thumbs up if the people went to:

- the desert? (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- thumbs up)
- the ocean? (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- thumbs up)

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
We learn about new things by studying. We will <u>study</u> many new places this year. Stud-y. Study.	hands together and open like a book close to the face
Trek means to go on a long trip. Trek. Trek.	arms parallel making a fist rotate arms as in walking motion
A <u>quest</u> is an exciting trip or adventure. Quest. Quest.	smile and point in distance as if seeing something exciting





Because You Are My Teacher

After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

Use the open hand for choral responding and be sure to make the vocabulary word gesture when saying the word. If many children don't get it, tell them the correct answer and ask the question again.

A trek means to go on a long trip. Thumbs up if this is a trek.

Create your own examples if these don't work for your students or classroom. Ask about two short walks and one long journey, or trek. *Use gestures with words.

- Walking from the carpet to the table?
- Walking from the carpet to the shelf?
- Walking from the carpet to the ocean?

3. **Follow Up Activity**- Rhyming Introduction

Explain, There were lots of rhyming words in this book. Rhyming words sound the same at the end. Let's go back and read parts of the book to listen to the rhyming words.

Emphasize the underlined rhyming words. Point out how they sound the same at the end.

...set out on a guest... the east end to the west.

...amazing sights... make their own lights.

...beneath the stars...instead of cars.



For the Teacher:

Preview Chicka Chicka Boom Boom



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 2 - The Things We'll Learn

Book 5: Chicka Chicka Boom Boom by Bill Martin Jr. & John Archambault

Materials Needed: None



Vocabulary				
Word	Definition	Gesture		
alphabet	The letters that make words, there are 26	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an l) to indicate writing		
pileup	Many things on top of each other	right hand on top of left hand		



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.

Chicka Chicka Chicka Boom Boom

1st Read

Chicka Chicka Boom Boom

Language Time

Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave.

Where is (child's name)
Where is (child's name)
(Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up,
Please stand up
(Lift hands up)
(*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down,
Sit back down
(Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. <u>Topic Introduction</u>- We have been learning about the things we will do and learn at preschool this year. We are going to have so many adventures together in our classroom!
- 2. <u>Book Introduction</u>- Show children book cover. *This book is all about letters. We use letters to write and read words. We will learn about all of the letters this year.*
- 3. <u>Title and Author</u>- Draw attention to title and author. *This story is called Chicka Chicka Boom Boom.*There are two authors for this story. Remember, the author writes the words in the book. Let's clap author. Au-thor. Good! The authors of this book are Bill Martin Jr. and John Archambault.



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom

During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)	
"The whole alphabet up the – Oh, no!"	TA: I think the letters might be too high in the tree. Are they stuck in the tree? Let's keep reading to find out.	
"Mamas and papas and uncles and aunts hug their little dears"	TA: The adults are there to help the little letters out. I think they're okay now.	
"And the sun goes down on the coconut tree"	Q: It looks like all the letters are free from the pileup now. Thumbs up if you think the letters are free now.	

3. Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary- Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

<u>Key content:</u> There are 26 letters in our alphabet. Letters are how we read and write words. There are big and little letters. We will learn them all this year.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
alphabet	The letters that make words, there are 26 There are 26 letters in the alphabet. They make up words. Use your finger to write.	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an I) to indicate writing
pileup	Many things on top of each other There was a big <u>pileup</u> of letters under the tree. Make a pileup with your hands.	right hand on top of left hand



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom

After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> - Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

Did you enjoy reading about the letters' silly adventure in the coconut tree? (Thinking gesture)

Thumbs up if you liked that story. Thumbs down if you didn't like the story. (Open hand gesture)

Check their understanding.

Who was this book about?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- letters, the alphabet)

Where did the letters go?

(Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- the coconut tree)

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
The <u>alphabet</u> is all the letters that make words. There are 26 letters in our alphabet. Al-pha-bet. Alphabet.	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an l) to indicate writing
When many things are on top of each other, it's called a <u>pileup</u> . The letters got stuck in a pileup. Pile-up. Pileup.	right hand on top of left hand



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom

After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

Use the open hand for choral responding and be sure to make the vocabulary word gesture when saying the word. If many children don't get it, tell them the correct answer and ask the question again.

There are 26 letters in our <u>alphabet</u>. We have the letters in our <u>alphabet</u> around our room. Let's find them now. *Use gestures with <u>words</u>.

Point out letters around the room and ask, Is this the whole alphabet or just one letter?

Some possible examples below:

- The letter on your square of carpet?

 (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- No)
- All 26 letters on the whole carpet?
 (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- Yes)
- This letter on the exit sign?
 (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- No)
- The 26 letters above our writing center?
 (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- Yes)

3. Follow Up Activity- Guided retell

Explain, We are going to work together to retell the story. Listen closely. Use your words to help me finish the story.

Show pictures in book to refresh their memory. (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response at each pause.)

All of the letters	climbed to	the top of t	he cocon	ut	(tree.)	The tre	ee tipped	over ar	nd all
the letters	(fell.)	The adults	came and	l helped,	but then	there v	was a full	moon.	A got
out of bed and c	limbed up t	the coconu	t	(tree) ag	ain. The e	end.			



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 2 - The Things We'll Learn at School

Book 5: Chicka Chicka Boom Boom by Bill Martin Jr. & John Archambault

Reread & Activity: Craft - The Letters in Your Name Tree

Materials Needed: book, art materials (construction paper for tree- green and brown or template printed on

cardstock, letters of children's names- foam letters, letter stickers, etc., glue sticks)

Before

- 1. <u>Ask what they can remember about the book</u> show them the cover to remind them.

 We have already read this story. Do you remember it? Look at the cover. Do you remember what this is? It's a coconut tree. Let's clap that. Co-co-nut-tree. Great! In this story, all the letters in the alphabet climbed the tree.
- 2. Point out title & author- The title of this story is Chicka Chicka Boom Boom. There are two authors, Bill Martin Jr. and John Archambault. The authors worked together to write the words in this story. What does the author do? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response-writes the words.)
- 3. <u>Tell them this time we are going to read and discuss the story</u> so be ready to share your ideas! We are going to read the story again. When we are done, we will talk about the story and then do a craft with letters!

Example of The Letters in Your Name Craft





The template provided is just one example of this craft. Feel free to adapt the craft to student or classroom needs. The focus is on student production of artwork and not a perfect replica.



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom



During

- 1. **Read** with excitement and fluency.
- 2. Think Aloud and Ask Questions as you read. Pause to ask questions.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"L, M, N, O, P!"	Q: What are the letters doing? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- climbing the tree)
"The whole alphabet- Oh, no!"	Q: All 26 letters in the alphabet are in the coconut tree. What will happen to the letters? (Thinking gesture) Thumbs up when you know what will happen to the letters. Call on one student with a thumb up to share their response.
"then dust their pants."	Q: Who came to help the little letters? (Thinking gesture) Thumbs up when you know what will happen to the letters. Call on one student with a thumb up to share their response- Mamas, Papas, Aunts, and Uncles.)

3. Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary - Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

<u>Key content:</u> There are 26 letters in our alphabet. Letters are how we read and write words. There are big and little letters. We will learn them all this year.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
alphabet	The letters that make words, there are 26 There are 26 letters in the alphabet. They make up words. Use your finger to write.	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an I) to indicate writing
pileup	Many things on top of each other There was a big <u>pileup</u> of letters under the tree. Make a pileup with your hands.	right hand on top of left hand



Chicka Chicka Boom Boom



After

1. Ask Questions

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion

What was your favorite part of the story? (thinking gesture - finger on forehead)

Thumbs up when you know your favorite part. Call on a few students to answer. Start by saying, "My favorite part was..."

Encourage students to answer using a complete sentence.

Check their understanding

Who was this story about?

(finger to forehead in thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- the letters)

What did the letters climb in this book?

(finger to forehead in thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- a coconut tree)

2. Review Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words.

Review each word stating the definition and making the gesture.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
The <u>alphabet</u> is all the letters that make words. There are 26 letters in our alphabet. Al-pha-bet. Alphabet.	pointer finger in air and bring down (like an l) to indicate writing
When many things are on top of each other, it's called a <u>pileup</u> . The letters got stuck in a pileup. Pile-up. Pileup.	right hand on top of left hand

3. <u>Follow-Up Activity:</u> Craft - Letter in Your Name Tree (optional template available in Appendix, or trees can be created with construction paper.)

Explain, We are going to make our own coconut trees today. We're going to decorate our trees with the letters in our names. Show the children an example. Guide students through the steps:

- a. Glue the tree parts to a larger piece of paper.
- b. Put the letters in their names on their coconut trees. Explain, *These are the letters in your name*. Depending on age and exposure to letters, you can encourage children to put the letters in the correct order, or just place them randomly.
- c. Decorate the tree and scene further, if desired.



For the Teacher:

Preview Feast for 10



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 2 - The Things We'll Learn

Book 6: Feast for 10 by Cathryn Falwell

Materials Needed: None

	Vocabulary		
Word	Definition	Gesture	
feast	A large meal	right hand moves like spoon to open mouth	
fry	To cook in hot oil	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan	
folks	A group of people	hands in front making a circle	



Teacher Tip!



Preview the book and add sticky-notes with vocabulary definitions, think aloud notes, and questions.



Feast for 10



Language Time

Frère Jacques/Brother John, Are you Sleeping

We are going to sing a song to help us learn everyone's name. When your name is called, you get to stand up and wave.

Where is (child's name)
Where is (child's name)
(Hold hand over eyes as if searching)

Please stand up,
Please stand up
(Lift hands up)
(*Child whose name was called stands)

Do a little wave, (Everyone waves) Do a little clapping, (Everyone claps)

Sit back down,
Sit back down
(Motion for child to sit down)

*Repeat with different names across a few days so everyone gets a turn to stand up.

Before

- 1. <u>Topic Introduction</u>- We have been reading about the things we will learn about in school. We are ready for a great year in preschool! We're going to learn so much and have fun together.
- 2. <u>Book Introduction</u>- Show children book cover. When I look at this cover, I see a group of people who look very happy. One of the things we will learn about in school is numbers. Numbers tell us how many. This is a counting book that has the numbers 1-10. Point to the number 10 on the cover.
- 3. <u>Title and Author</u>- Draw attention to title and author. *The author of this book is Cathryn Falwell. She wrote the words in this book. The title of the story is Feast for 10.*



Feast for 10



During

- 1. **Read-** Read with few interruptions so children can follow the full story.
- 2. **Model Thinking Aloud-** Pause to model what good readers think about.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"one cart into the grocery store"	TA: I see one empty cart in a grocery store. I think the family is going to fill the cart with food for their feast. Let's read to find out if I'm right.
"four children off to look for more"	TA: The children are looking for more food. I wonder what food they will find.
"ten hands help load the car"	TA: The children are helping put the groceries in the car. How kind! They look so happy to help!
"one car home from the grocery store"	Q: How many cars are home? (Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- One)

3. <u>Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary-</u> Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts. <u>Key content:</u> Numbers tell us how many. We say numbers when we count.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture
feast	A large meal I think the family is going to make a large meal. It will be a <u>feast</u> . Pretend to eat a feast with a spoon.	right hand moves like spoon to open mouth
fry	To cook in hot oil Frying food makes it crispy and hot. Pretend to fry food in hot oil.	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan
folks	A group of people There are ten hungry <u>folks</u> in this story. Make a circle to show that folks are a group of people.	hands in front making a circle



Feast for 10



After

1. <u>Ask Questions</u> Ask children to actively respond together in different ways (choral response, thumbs up/down, movement). Let them know that when you point to your forehead, you mean thinking, and when you hold your open hand towards them, you mean responding all together.

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion.

I enjoyed counting while we read that story. (Thinking gesture)

Thumbs up if you liked that story. Thumbs down if you didn't like the story. (Open hand gesture)

Check their understanding.

What did the family make in this story?

(Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- a feast)

Where did the family go first?

(Thinking gesture then open hand to note choral response- the grocery store)

2. Review the Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words

Review each word stating the definition, making the gesture, and then clapping out the word.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture	
The family made a big meal, called a <u>feast</u> . Thumbs up if you enjoy eating feasts. Feast. Feast.	right hand moves like spoon to open mouth	
They cooked food in hot oil. This is called <u>frying</u> food. Fry. Fry.	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan	
In this story, ten <u>folks</u> shared a feast. There were ten people in the group. Folks. Folks.	hands in front making a circle	



Feast for 10



After Continued

Ask vocabulary questions

Use the open hand for choral responding and be sure to make the vocabulary word gesture when saying the word. If many children don't get it, tell them the correct answer and ask the question again.

A feast is a large meal. Thumbs up if you would eat a feast of ... *Use gestures with words.

- juicy watermelon?
- chicken nuggets?
- pizza?
- sour lemons?
- rocks?
- your favorite cereal?

3. Follow Up Activity - Math Word Problem

Explain, We counted many things in this book. We saw the family get food at the grocery store and then prepare the food for their feast. They chose 2 pumpkins for pie and 3 chickens to fry. How many foods is that altogether? Let's use our fingers to figure that out. They found 2 pumpkins. (Hold up two fingers on one hand.) There were three chickens. (Hold up three more fingers) Altogether that is (wiggle fingers as you count) 1,2,3, 4, 5. Two pumpkins plus three chickens equals five foods all together.



Feast for 10



Unit 1: Welcome, Part 2 - The Things We'll Learn at School

Book 6: Feast for 10 by Cathryn Falwell

Reread & Activity: Family Pictures

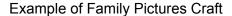
Materials Needed: book, art materials (crayons and paper for drawing a family picture)

Before

1. <u>Ask what they can remember about the book</u> - show them the cover to remind them.

We have already read this story. Do you remember it? Look at the cover. Do you remember what the word feast means? A feast is a large meal. The family was making a feast.

- 2. <u>Point out title & author</u>- The title of this story is <u>Feast for 10</u>. Cathryn Falwell is the author. She wrote the words in the book. What does the author do? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- writes the words.)
- 3. <u>Tell them this time we are going to read and discuss the story</u> so be ready to share your ideas! We are going to read the story again. When we are done, we will talk about the story and then do a craft with pictures of our families!







Feast for 10



/F#.

During

- 1. **Read** with excitement and fluency.
- 2. Think Aloud and Ask Questions as you read.

Part of Text	Think Aloud (TA) - Question (Q)
"one cart into the grocery store"	Q: Where is the family? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- the grocery store)
"four children off to look for more"	Q: How many children? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- four)
"ten hands help to load the car"	Q: How many hands are helping load the car? (Thinking gesture and then open hand to note choral response- ten)

3. **Draw Attention to Key Events and Vocabulary**- Pause to highlight vocabulary and key concepts.

Key content: Numbers tell us how many. We say numbers when we count.

<u>Vocabulary:</u> briefly define vocabulary words, and do the gesture, when they come up in the story. Reinforce throughout the day.

Word	Definition to use and how to introduce gesture	Gesture Gesture
feast	A large meal I think the family is going to make a large meal. I love eating feasts! Pretend to eat a feast with a spoon.	right hand moves like spoon to open mouth
fry	To cook in hot oil Frying food, cooking it in hot oil, makes it crispy and hot. Pretend to <u>fry</u> food in hot oil.	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan
folks	A group of people There are ten hungry <u>folks</u> . Ten people share the delicious meal. Make a circle to show that folks are a group of people.	hands in front making a circle



Feast for 10



After

1. Ask Questions

Now I am going to ask you a few questions about our story. When I put my finger to my forehead that means I want you to think about your answer.

Ask their opinion

What was your favorite part of the story? (thinking gesture - finger on forehead)
Thumbs up when you know your favorite part. Call on a few students to answer.
Start by saying, "My favorite part was..."

Encourage students to answer using a complete sentence.

Check their understanding

Where did the family go first? (Choral response then open hand- the grocery store)

What did the family make? (Choral response then open hand- a feast)

2. Review Vocabulary

In today's story, we learned 3 new words. Let's clap out our new words.

Review each word stating the definition and making the gesture.

Encourage students to say the word and use the gesture with you.

Word Definition to use	Gesture
The family made a big meal, called a <u>feast</u> . Feast. Feast.	right hand moves like spoon to open mouth
They cooked food in hot oil. They <u>fried</u> the food. Fry. Fry.	right hand closed as if holding a utensil and move back and forth like cooking in a pan
In this story, ten <u>folks</u> shared a feast. There were ten people in the group. Folks. Folks.	hands in front making a circle

3. Follow-Up Activity: Family Pictures

Explain, *We are going to draw a picture of our own families today.* Show the children an example. Guide students through the steps:

- Think about who is in your family. How many people are there? Do you have any pets?
- Draw your family.
- Share your picture and tell everyone about your family.

^{*} Encourage children to bring in family photographs. Use family photographs and drawings to decorate your classroom. Remind students that all families are a little bit different, but they are all special and important.



Appendix

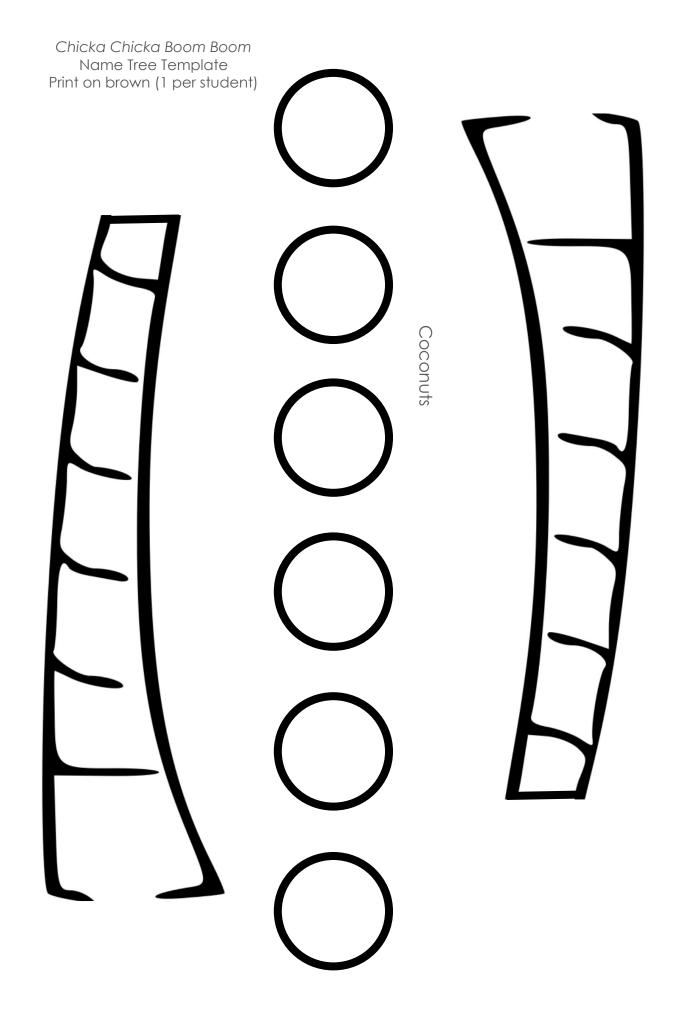
Blackline Masters

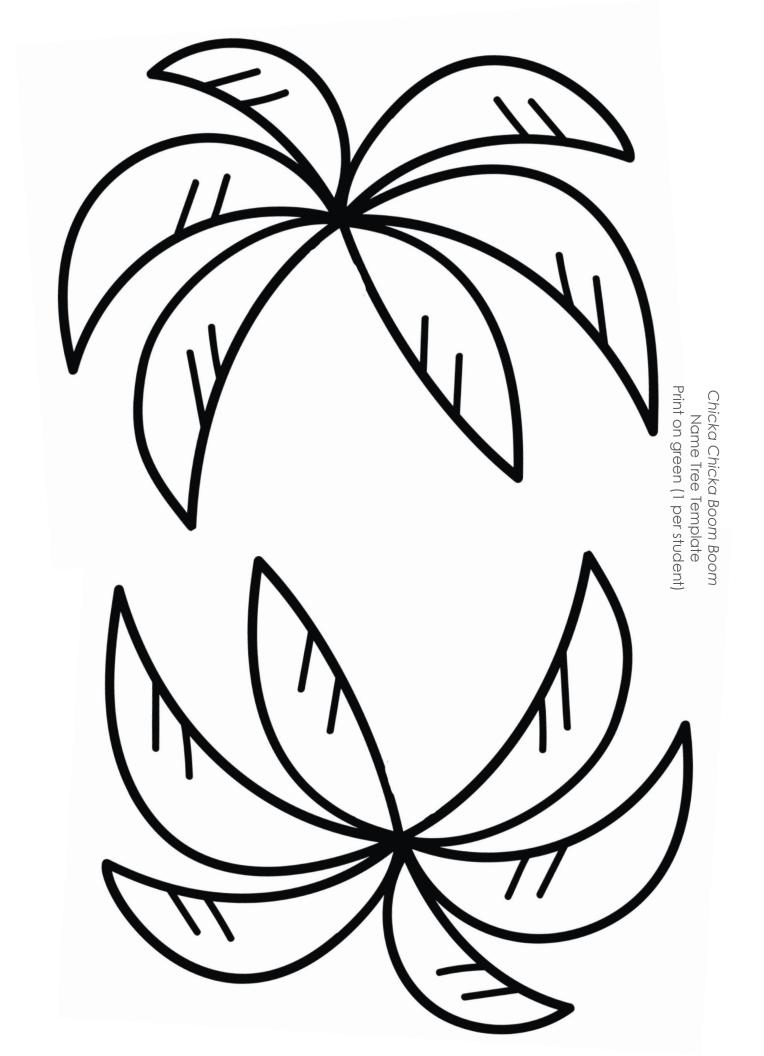
- ★ Book 1: All Are Welcome All About Me template
 - o Print 1 sided on white paper One per student
- ★ Book 5: Chicka Chicka Boom Boom Name Tree template
 - Print coconuts and tree trunks 1 sided on brown paper One trunk and three coconuts for each student
 - o Print branches 1 sided on green paper- One per student
 - Also needed: letters for names, can be stickers or cut from magazines



All About Me

My nai	me is				
	I am years old.				
Here a	Here are some of my favorite things:				









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Joyful Discoveries Preschool Curriculum

